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## SI and CI questions for CAT Set-2 PDF

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## Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

## Question 1

On a sum of money, the difference between simple interest and compound interest for $\mathbf{2}$ years is Rs. 1000. If the rate of interest is $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ p.a., what will be the difference between simple interest and compound interest at the end of 3 years?

A 4200

B 3000

C 3100

D Can't be determined


Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let principal be P . SI for 2 years $=\mathrm{P} * 2 * 10 / 100=\mathrm{P} / 5$. CI for 2 years $=\mathrm{P}(1+10 / 100)^{\wedge} 2-\mathrm{P}=21 \mathrm{P} / 100$. Therefore, difference in interest amount $=P / 100=1000=>P=1,00,000$. SI for 3 years $=30000$. CI for 3 years $=33100$.
Difference $=3100$
Question 2
The difference between compound interest and simple interest on a sum of Rs. 5000 at the end of $\mathbf{3}$ years is Rs 224.64. Find the rate of interest, if both simple interest and compound interest are calculated at the same rate of interest.

A 12\%

B 10\%

C $8 \%$

D 15\%
Answer: A

## Explanation:

When the rate of interest is $12 \%, \mathrm{SI}=5000 * 3 * 12 / 100$
In the case of compound interest, Amount $=P(1+r)^{n}$
$\mathrm{Cl}=$ Amount $-\mathrm{P}=P(1+r)^{n}-P$
$\mathrm{Cl}=5000(1+12 / 100)^{3}-5000$
$\mathrm{CI}-\mathrm{SI}=5000(1+12 / 100)^{3}-5000-5000 * 3 * 12 / 100=224.64$
Question 3
On a sum of money, the simple interest ( rate of interestr )for 2 years is the same as compound interest ( rate of interest $\mathbf{R}$ ). What is the relation between the rates of interest?

A $\quad R+100=\sqrt{10000+200 r}$

B $\quad R-100=\sqrt{10000-200 r}$

C None of the above

D Can't be determined
Answer: A

Explanation:


SI $=\mathrm{p} * 2 * r / 100$
$\mathrm{CI}=p *(1+R / 100)^{2}-p=p\left(2 R / 100+(R / 100)^{2}\right)$
Since they are equal, $p * 2 * r / 100=p\left(2 R / 100+(R / 100)^{2}\right)$
$R^{2}+200 R-200 r=0$
Solving the equation, we get $R=-100 \pm \sqrt{10000+200 r}$
Since, R cannot be negative the only possible value of $R=-100+\sqrt{10000+200 r}$
$=>R+100=\sqrt{10000+200 r}$

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A certain amount is given at compound interest and the amount increased by $27 \%$ between the 2 nd year and 4th year. After how many years does the amount double itself?

A 8 years

B 7 years
C 6 years

D Can't be determined
Answer: C

## Explanation:

The ratio of the amounts at the end of the 2 nd and 4 th years is $(1+R)^{2}=1.27$
After 6 years, the ratio is $(1+R)^{6}=2.05$
It can be seen that $(1+R)^{5}<2$
So, the amount doubles every 6 years

## Question 5

Mohan borrowed 10000 rupees from Sohan. Sohan charges a simple interest of $\mathbf{1 0}$ pa. Mohan returned 4000 Rs after lyear which included the interest for the first year. He returned the remaining amount after $\mathbf{2}$ more years. What is the interest that Mohan ended up paying?

A 2000

B 2400

C 2500

D 3000
Answer: B


## Explanation:

Principal for first year $=10000$, So interest for first year would be $10000 * 10 / 100=1000$
Now for the remaining two years, the principal would be 7000, so interest that he will pay in 2 years $=7000 * 2 * 10 / 100=$ 1400
Thus, the total interest that he ends uppaying is $1400+1000=2400$

## Question 6

Ravi invests a sum of money in a bank which gives a simple interest of $5 \%$ p.a. He invests twice the amount of money in another bank which gives a interest of $3 \%$ pa compounded annually. At the end of 3 years the interest earned from which bank would be higher and by what percent(approx)?

A 1st, $25 \%$
B $2 \mathrm{nd}, 10 \%$

C $2 \mathrm{nd}, 24 \%$

D 1st. 15\%
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let the amount invested in first bank be $x$
So interest earned in 3 years $=x * 5 * 3 / 100=.15 x$
Now amount invested in second scheme is $2 x$
So the amount after 3 years would be
$(1.03)^{3} * 2 x=2.185 \mathrm{x}$
So the interest earned $=.185 \mathrm{x}$


Thus the interest earned in second case is $24 \%$ more than the interest earned in first case.

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## Question 7

A sum of Rs 2400 is invested in two schemes $A$ and $B$. Scheme $A$ offers a simple interest of $9 \%$ per annum, and Scheme B offers a compound interest of $6 \%$ percent per annum. If the amount of interest obtained at the end of two years is Rs 400. Find the difference between the amounts invested in scheme A and B.
(Approximately)

A Rs 850

B Rs 1400
C Rs 900

D Rs 1260
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let $X$ and $Y$ be the amounts invested in Scheme $A$ and $B$ respectively.
Interest obtained through scheme $A=0.09 * x * 2=0.18 x$
Interest obtained through scheme $\mathrm{B}=\left(1.06^{2}-1\right) * y=0.1236 y$
Given that $0.18 x+0.1236 y=400---(1)$
$X+y=2400$---(2)
On solving equations (1) and (2) we get $x \sim 1830, Y=\sim 570$.
$==>x-y=$ Rs 1260

## Question 8

Some amount was lent at $10 \%$ p.a Simple Interest. After 1 year, Rs 4400 is repaid and the rest of the amount is repaid at $20 \%$ p.a. If the 2 nd year's interest is $11 / 7$ of the first year's interest, find the amount of money that was lent out initially?

A Rs. 12000
B Rs. 13000

C Rs. 14000
D Rs. 15000
Answer: C


## Explanation:

Let the amount be x.
After 1 year the amount becomes 1.1x out of which 4400 is repaid:
Interest for second year $=20 \%$ of (1.1x-4400)
$(1.1 x-4400) / 5=11 / 7(1.1 x-x)$
$7.7 x-30800=55(0.1 x)$
$2.2 x=30800$
$x=14000$
Rs 14000 was lent initially
Question 9
An amount was lent at a certain rate of interest compounded annually. Had the amount been lent at simple interest, the amount of interest would have been Rs 5400 less for initial two years and 17820 for initial three years, then the amount lent is equal to

A 72000

B 40000

C 80000


D 60000
Answer: D

## Explanation:



Assuming the amount $=P$ the rate of interest $=R \%$ and $R / 100=a$
For two years difference between compound and simple interest $=P(1+a)^{2}-P-2 P a=P a^{2}=5400 \ldots . .(1)$
Now for three years, the difference $=P(1+a)^{3}-P-3 P a=\mathrm{Pa}^{3}+3 \mathrm{~Pa}^{2}=17820 \ldots$.(2)
Putting the value of $\mathrm{Pa}^{2}$ in $(2)$, , we get $5400 \mathrm{a}+3 * 5400=17820=>\mathrm{a}=3 / 10$
Now, on putting $a=3 / 10$ in (1), we get $P * 9 / 100=5400=>P=60000$

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## Question 10

An investor is faced with a dilemma about where to invest his savings of 10 lakhs. Scheme A gives $10 \%$ interest compounded annually for 2 years and simple interest of $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ for the next $\mathbf{3}$ years. If the amount has increased less than $\mathbf{6 0 \%}$, additional $10 \%$ is also added to it. Scheme B gives a simple interest of $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ for $\mathbf{2}$ years and compound interest of $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ for 3 years compounded annually. If the amount has increased less than $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$, additional $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ is added to it. If the investor goes with the right choice, how much does he earn over his initial investment ?

Answer:1073600

## Explanation:



To make the calculation easier, let us take the amount the investor wants to invest as $x$.
Scheme A :
Amount of the investment after 2 years, $a_{2}=x \times(1.1)^{2}=1.21 x$
Amount of investment after 5 years, $a_{5}=1.21 x \times(1+(0.2 \times 3))=1.936 x$
Since the increase is more than $60 \%$, the additional $10 \%$ wont be added to it.
Scheme B :
Amount of investment after 2 years, $b_{2}=x \times(1+(0.1 \times 2))=1.2 x$
Amount of investment after 5 years, $b_{5}=1.2 x \times(1.2)^{3}=2.0736 x$
Since the increase is more than $50 \%$, the additional $15 \%$ wont be added to it.
After looking at the interest earned, we can say that the investor should choose scheme B.
Amount earned by the investor $=10^{6} \times(2.0736-1)=1073600$

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