

Mensuration Questions for IBPS PO Prelims

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Questions

Instructions

Read the following information and answer the questions based on it.

The length ,breadth and height of a rectangular piece of wood in the 4cm,3cm, 5cm respectively Opposite side of 5cm x 4 cm pieces are coloured in red colour

Oppsite sides 4cm x 3 cm ,are cloured in blue

Rest 5 cm x 3 cm are coloured in green in both sides

Now the piece is cut in such way that a cuboid of 1cm x 1cm x 1cm will be made

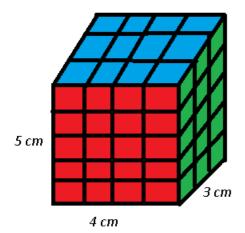
Question 1

How many cuboids shall have all the three colours?

- **A** 8
- **B** 10
- **C** 12
- **D** 14
- **E** None of these

Answer: A

Explanation:



The number of cuboid which will have all the three colours are the corner pieces.

Thus, 8 cuboids will have all the three colours.

=> Ans - (A)

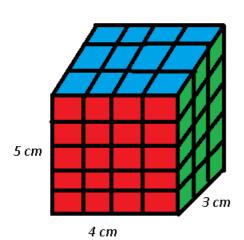
Question 2

How many cuboids shall not any colour?

- A No any
- **B** 2
- **C** 4
- D 6
- **E** None of these

Answer: D

Explanation:



Number of cuboids which do not have any colour = (5-2) imes (4-2) imes (3-2)

=
$$3 \times 2 \times 1 = 6$$

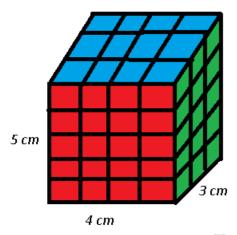
Question 3

How many cuboids shall have only two colours red and green in their two sides?

- **A** 8
- **B** 12
- **C** 16
- **D** 20
- **E** None of these

Answer: B

Explanation:



Number of cuboids which have only two colours red and green in their two sides are the middle cuboids at the corner edges. There are 4 such edges which have combination of red and green colour.

Number of required cuboids = (5-2) imes 4

=
$$3 \times 4 = 12$$

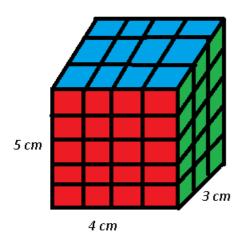
Question 4

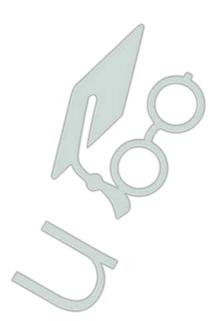
How many cuboids shall have only one colour?

- **D** 28
- **E** None of these

Answer: E

Explanation:





Number of cuboids which have only 1 colour are the middle cuboids in all the faces. Also, there are 2 types of each faces.

2*(B-2)*(H-2)+2*(H-2)*(L-2).

=2*(4-2)*(3-2)+2*(3-2)*(5-2)+2*(5-2)*(4-2).

= 2*2*1 + 2*1*3 + 2*3*2.= 4 + 6 + 12.

=22.

Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

Question 5

The sum of the radius and height of a cylinder is 42 cm. Its total surface area is 3696 cm 2. What is the volume of cylinder?

A 17428 cubic cm

B 17248 cubic cm

C 17244 cubic cm

D 17444 cubic cm

E None of these

Answer: B

Explanation:

Total surface area of cylinder

=>
$$2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2 = 3696$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi r(r+h) = 3696$$

$$\therefore (r+h) = 42$$
 [Given]

=>
$$2 imes \overset{22}{7} imes r imes 42 = 3696$$

=>
$$44 \times 6 \times r = 3696$$

$$=> r = {3696 \atop 44 \times 6} = 14 \ {
m cm}$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 42 - 14 = 28 \, \mathrm{cm}$$

 \therefore Volume of cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$

=
$$^{22}_{7} \times 14 \times 14 \times 28$$

 $= 17248cm^3$

Question 6

The respective ratio of radii of two right circular cylinders (A and B) is 4:5. The respective ratio of volume of cylinders A and B is 12:25. What is the respective ratio of the heights of cylinders A and B?

- **A** 2:3
- **B** 3:5
- **C** 5:8
- **D** 4:5
- **E** 3:4

Answer: E

Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$

where \boldsymbol{r} and \boldsymbol{h} are the radius and height of the cylinder respectively.

The ratio of volumes and ratio of radii of the two cylinders is given.

Ratio of square of their radii = 16:25

Therefore the ratio of their heights h_1 : h_2 = 12×25 : 16×25

where h_1 and h_2 are the heights of two cylinders.

the ratio of their heights = 12:16 = 3:4

Option E is the correct answer

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Question 7

The respective ratio of radii of two right circular cylinders (A and B) is 4:7. The respective ratio of the heights of cylinders A and B is 2:1. What is the respective ratio of volumes of cylinders A and B?

- **A** 25:42
- **B** 23:42
- **C** 32:49
- **D** 30:49
- **E** 36:49

Answer: C

Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$

where r and h are the radius and height of the cylinder respectively.

The ratio of volumes of the two cylinders will be equal to the ratio of r^2h of both the cylinders..

For cylinder 1 r^2h = $4^2 imes 2 = 32$

Question 8

The respective ratio of radii of two right circular cylinders (A and B) is 3 : 2. The respective ratio of volumes of cylinders A and B is 9 : 7, then what are the heights of cylinders A and B?

- A 8:5
- **B** 4:7
- **C** 7:6
- **D** 5:4
- **E** 6:5

Answer: B

Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$

where r and h are radius and height of the cylinder respectively.

Let r_1 , h_1 , r_2 and h_2 be the radius and heights of the two cylinders respectively.

$$\pi(r_1)^2 h_1 : \pi(r_2)^2 h_2 = 9 : 7$$
 ------ 1

Ratio of radii $r_1:r_2=3:2$

Ratio of square of radii = 9:4

Replacing the ratio of radii in 1

$$9h_1:4h_2=9:7$$

$$h_1: h_2 = (9 \times 4): (7 \times 9) = 4:7$$

Option B is the correct answer.

Question 9

If the volume and curved surface area of a cylinder are 616 m^3 and 352 m^2 respectively what is the total surface area of the cylinder (in m^2)

- **A** 429
- **B** 419
- **C** 435
- **D** 421
- **E** 417

Answer: A

Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder= $\pi imes r^2 imes h$

where r and h are the radius and height of the cylinder.

$$\pi imes r^2 imes h$$
 = $616 m^3$

Curved Surface Area of Cylinder= $2 \times \pi \times r \times h$ = $352m^2$

$$\pi imes r imes h$$
=176

Replacing $\pi imes r imes h$ in Volume formula we get,

r imes 176=616

$$r=3.5m$$

Total Surface Area = Curved Surface Area + $2 \times$ Area of base

=
$$352+2 imes pi imes r^2$$

=
$$352+2 imes pi imes3.5^2$$

$$=352 + 77$$

$$=429m^2$$
.

Hence Option A is the correct answer



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Question 10

The sum of the radius and height of a cylinder is 18 metre. The total surface area of the cylinder is 792 sq. metre, what is the volume of the cylinder? (in cubic metre)

- 1848
- 1440
- 1716
- 1724
- 1694

Answer: E

Explanation:

let the height and radius of cylinder be H mtr and R mtr

R + H = 18

total surface area of cylinder = $2\overline{\wedge}RH + 2\overline{\wedge}(R)^2 = 792$

$$R(H + R) = {792x7 \over 22x2}$$

R = 7 mtr

volume =
$${}^{22}_{7}(R)^{2}(H)$$

Volume = 1694 cubic mtr



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