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## Mensuration Questions for IBPS PO Prelims

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## Questions

## Instructions

Read the following information and answer the questions based onit.
The length ,breadth and height of a rectangular piece of wood in the $4 \mathrm{~cm}, 3 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}$ respectively Opposite side of $5 \mathrm{~cm} \times 4 \mathrm{~cm}$ pieces are coloured in red colour
Oppsite sides $4 \mathrm{~cm} \times 3 \mathrm{~cm}$, are cloured in blue
Rest $5 \mathrm{~cm} \times 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ are coloured in green in both sides
Now the piece is cut in such way that a cuboid of $1 \mathrm{~cm} \times 1 \mathrm{~cm} \times 1 \mathrm{~cm}$ will be made

## Question 1

How many cuboids shall have all the three colours?

A 8

B 10

C 12

D 14

E None of these
Answer: A

## Explanation:



The number of cuboid which will have all the three colours are the corner pieces.
Thus, 8 cuboids will have all the three colours.
=> Ans - (A)
Question 2
How many cuboids shall not any colour?

A No any

B 2

C 4

D 6

E None of these
Answer: D


Explanation:

Number of cuboids which do not have any colour $=(5-2) \times(4-2) \times(3-2)$


How many cuboids shall have only two colours red and green in their two sides?

A 8

B 12

C 16
D 20

E None of these
Answer: B

## Explanation:



Number of cuboids which have only two cblours red and green in their two sides are the middle cuboids at the corner edges. There are 4 such edges which have combination of red and green colour.

Number of required cuboids $=(5-2) \times 4$
$=3 \times 4=12$
=> Ans - (B)

Question 4
How many cuboids shall have only one colour?

A 12
B 16
C 22

D 28
E None of these

## Answer: E

Explanation:


Number of cuboids which have only 1 colour are the middle cuboids in all the faces. Also, there are 2 types of each faces.
$2 *(B-2) \star(H-2)+2 *(H-2) *(L-2)$.
$=2 \star(4-2) \star(3-2)+2^{\star}(3-2) \star(5-2)+2 *(5-2) \star(4-2)$.
$=2 * 2 * 1+2 * 1 * 3+2 * 3 * 2 .=4+6+12$.
$=22$.
Instructions
For the following questions answer them individually

## Question 5

The sum of the radius and height of a cylinder is 42 cm . Its total surface area is 3696 cm 2 . What is the volume of cylinder ?

A 17428 cubic cm
B 17248 cubic cm
C 17244 cubic cm

D 17444 cubic cm
E None of these

## Explanation:

Total surface area of eylinder
=> $2 \pi r h+2 \pi r^{2}=3696$
=> $2 \pi r(r+h)=3696$
$\because(r+h)=42$ [Given]
=> $2 \times{ }_{7}^{22} \times r \times 42=3696$

=> $44 \times 6 \times r=3696$
$\Rightarrow>={ }_{44 \times 6}^{3696}=14 \mathrm{~cm}$
=> $h=42-14=28 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ Volume of cylinder $=\pi r^{2} h$
$={ }_{7}^{22} \times 14 \times 14 \times 28$
$=17248 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

## Question 6

The respective ratio of radii of two right circular cylinders ( $A$ and $B$ ) is $4: 5$. The respective ratioof volume of cylinders $A$ and $B$ is 12 : 25. What is the respective ratio of the heights of cylinders $A$ and $B$ ?

A 2:3
B $3: 5$

C 5:8

D 4:5

E 3:4
Answer: E


## Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder $=\pi r^{2} h$
where $r$ and $h$ are the radius and height of the cylinder respectively.
The ratio of volumes and ratio of radii of the two cylinders is given.
Ratio of square of their radii $=16: 25$
Therefore the ratio of their heights $h_{1}: h_{2}=12 \times 25: 16 \times 25$
where $h_{1}$ and $h_{2}$ arethe heights of two cylinders.
the ratio of their heights $=12: 16=3: 4$
Option E is the correct answer

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Question 7
The respective ratio of radii of two right circular cylinders (A and B) is $4: 7$. The respective ratio of the heights of cylinders $A$ and $B$ is $2: 1$. What is the respective ratio of volumes of cylinders $A$ and $B$ ?

A 25: 42

B 23: 42

C $32: 49$

D 30:49

E $36: 49$

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder $=\pi r^{2} h$
where $r$ and $h$ are the radius and height of the cylinder respectively.
The ratio of volumes of the two cylinders will be equal to the ratio of $r^{2} h$ of both the cylinders.
For cylinder $1 r^{2} h=4^{2} \times 2=32$


For cylinder $2 r^{2} h=7^{2} \times 1=49$
Ratio of their volumes $=49$
Option C is the correct answer.

## Question 8

The respective ratio of radii of two right circular cylinders ( $A$ and $B$ ) is $3: 2$. The respective ratio of volumes of cylinders $A$ and $B$ is 9 : 7 , then what are the heights of cylinders A and B ?

A 8:5

B 4:7

C 7:6

D 5:4

E 6:5

## Answer: B

## Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder $=\pi r^{2} h$
where $r$ and $h$ are radius and height of the cylinder respectively.
Let $r_{1}, h_{1}, r_{2}$ and $h_{2}$ be the radius and heights of the two cylinders respectively.
$\pi\left(r_{1}\right)^{2} h_{1}: \pi\left(r_{2}\right)^{2} h_{2}=9: 77---------1$
Ratio of radii $r 1: r_{2}=3: 2$
Ratio of square of radii $=9: 4$
Replacing the ratio of radii in 1
$9 h_{1}: 4 h_{2}=9: 7$
$h_{1}: h_{2}=(9 \times 4):(7 \times 9)=4: 7$
Option B is the correct answer.

## Question 9

If the volume and curved surface area of a cylinder are $616 m^{3}$ and $352 m^{2}$ respectively what is the total surface area of the cylinder (in $m^{2}$ )

A 429

B 419

C 435

D 421

E 417
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Volume of a cylinder $=\pi \times r^{2} \times h$
where $r$ and $h$ are the radius and height of the cylinder. $\pi \times r^{2} \times h=616 m^{3}$
Curved Surface Area of Cylinder=2 $\times \pi \times r \times h=352 m^{2}$
$\pi \times r \times h=176$
Replacing $\pi \times r \times h$ in Volume formula we get,
$r \times 176=616$
$r=3.5 m$
Total Surface Area $=$ Curved Surface Area $+2 \times$ Area of base
$=352+2 \times p i \times r^{2}$
$=352+2 \times p i \times 3.5^{2}$
$=352+77$
$=429 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
Hence Option A is the correct answer


## Question 10

The sum of the radius and height of a cylinder is 18 metre. The total surface area of the cylinder is 792 sq. metre, what is the volume of the cylinder? (in cubic metre)

A 1848
B 1440

C 1716
D 1724

E 1694
Answer: E

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Explanation:
let the height and radius of cylinder be H mtr and R mtr
$\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{H}=18$
total surface area of cylinder $=2 \bar{\wedge} \mathrm{RH}+2 \bar{\wedge}(R)^{2}=792$
$\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{R})=\begin{gathered}792 x 7 \\ 22 x 2\end{gathered}$
$\mathrm{R}=7 \mathrm{mtr}$
$\mathrm{H}=18-7=11 \mathrm{mtr}$
volume $={ }_{7}^{22}(R)^{2}(H)$
Volume $=1694$ cubic mtr


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