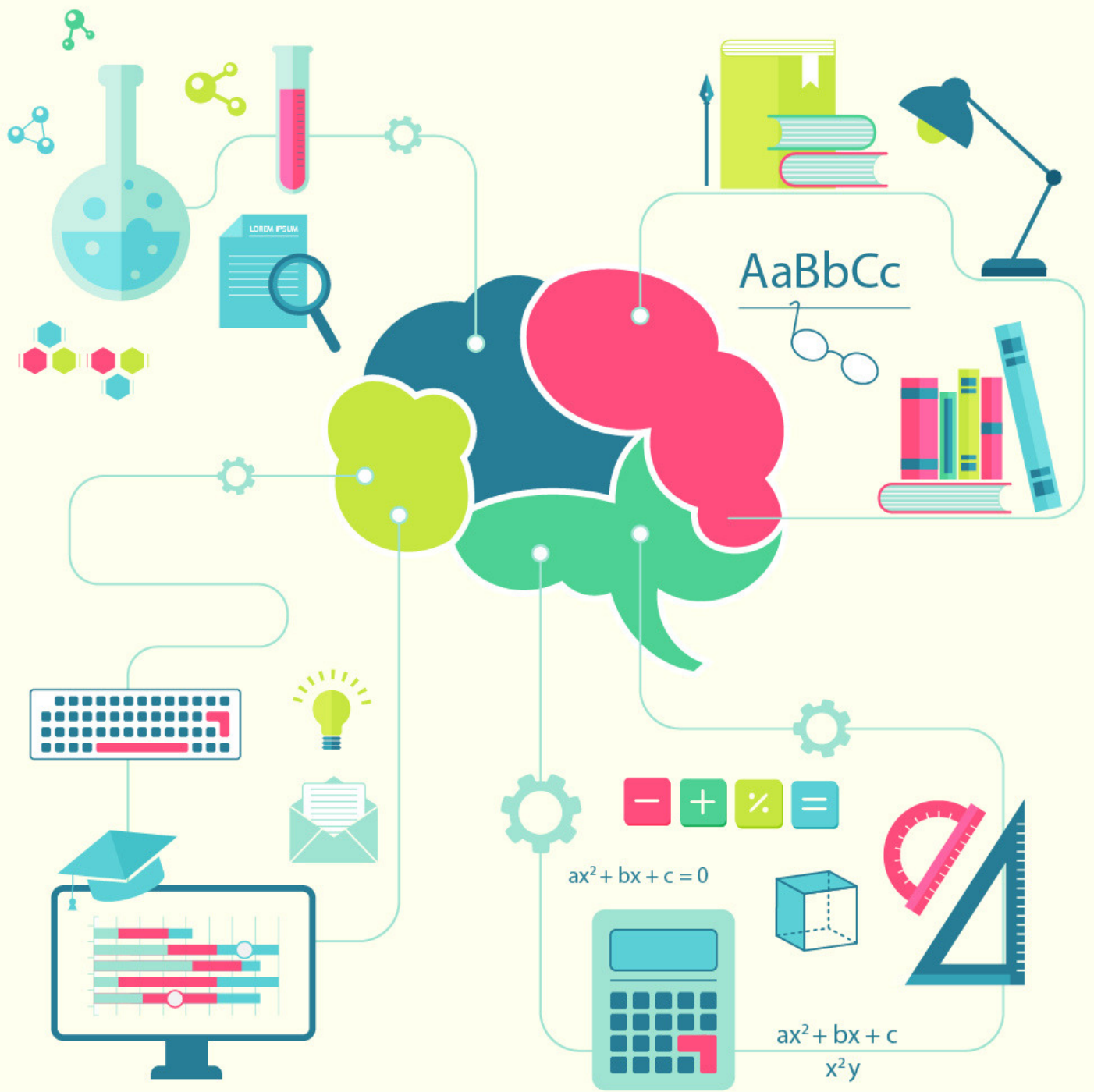


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CAT Questions on Last Two Digits

02 March 2018





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Question 1: If the last two digits of $(1!+2!+3!+\dots+50!)$ are ab , then find the value of $a*b$?

- a) 3
- b) 4
- c) 5
- d) 6

Question 2: Find the last two non-zero digits of $25!$.

- a) 74
- b) 94
- c) 84
- d) 64

Question 3: Find the sum of the last two digits in 89^{82}

- a) 1
- b) 3
- c) 5
- d) 7

Question 4: What are the last two digits of the sum $(19!)^2 + (18!)^2 + (17!)^2 + \dots + (0!)^2$

- a) 33
- b) 34
- c) 17
- d) 18

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Question 5: Find the last two digits of the number 27^{103}

- a) 63
- b) 73
- c) 93
- d) 83

Solutions:

1) Answer (A)

Last two digits is nothing but the remainder with 100

From $10!$ onwards all terms will be divisible by 100

So we just need to find out the remainder of $(1! + 2! + \dots + 9!)$ with 100

So on calculating the remainders we get,

$$1 + 2 + 6 + 24 + 20 + 20 + 40 + 20 + 80 = 213,$$

$$213 \bmod 100 = 13, \text{ so last two digits are } 13$$

$$\text{Hence the product of digits is } 1 \times 3 = 3$$

2) Answer (C)

The last two non-zero digits of the factorial of a number X , which is divisible by 5 can be calculated as below.

$$\text{last two non-zero digits of } X! = \text{last two non zero digits of } \left[\frac{X}{5}\right]! * 12^{X/5}$$

$$\text{Here } x = 25 \implies [25/5]! * 12^{25/5} = 5! * 12^5 = 120 * 32 (\text{last two digits of } 12^5 \text{ is } 32) \implies 84$$

$$\text{Therefore last two digits of } 25! = 84.$$

3) Answer (B)

Last two digits can be found by finding the remainder with 100.

$$89^{82} = (90 - 1)^{82}$$

$$= (\dots 00) - (82 \times 90) + 1$$

$$= (\dots 00) - 7380 + 1$$

$$= (\dots 00) - 7379$$

$$= (\dots 21)$$

So the last two digits are 21.

$$\text{Sum of digits} = 3$$

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4) Answer (D)

From $(5!)^2$ to $(19!)^2$ every number in the series ends with '00'.

Now we need to calculate the sum of last two digits of numbers from

$$(0!)^2 \text{ to } (4!)^2 = 1 + 1 + 4 + 36 + 576 = 618$$

Therefore last two digits of the sequence are 18.

5) Answer (D)

Last two digits of a number is nothing but the remainder when the number is divided by 100. So we essentially have to find the remainder when the given number is divided by 100.

$$27^{103} \bmod 100$$

100 can be written as $25 * 4$

$$27^{103} \bmod 4 = (-1)^{103} \bmod 4 = -1 = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} 27^{103} \bmod 25 &= 2^{103} \bmod 25 = (2^{10})^{10} * 8 \bmod 25 \\ &= (1024)^{10} * 8 \bmod 25 = 1 * 8 = 8 \end{aligned}$$

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