# crackus 

## SSC CGL Blood Relation Questions

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Directions : Read the information carefully and answer the following questions:
If $A+B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$.
If $A \times B$ means $A$ is the sister of $B$.
If $A \$ B$ means $A$ is the wife of $B$.
If $A \% B$ means $A$ is the mother of $B$.
If $A \div B$ means $A$ is the son of $B$.

## Question 1



What should come in place of question mark to establish that J is brother of T in the expression? J $\div$ P \% H ? T \% L

A $\times$

B $\div$

C \$

D Either $\div$ or $\times$

E Either + or:
Answer: A

## Explanation:

J $\div$ P \% H ? T \% L
$=>T$ is the mother of $L$ and $J$ is the brother of $H$
Now, for J to be brother of $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{H}$ must be either sister or brother of T .
=> ' $x$ ' is the correct symbol here.

## Question 2

Which of the given expressions indicates that $M$ is daughter of $D$ ?

A L\% R \$ D $+T \times M$
B $\quad L+R S D+M \times T$

C $L \% R \% D+T \div M$

D $\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{L} \$ \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{M} \times \mathrm{T}$

E $\mathrm{L} \$ \mathrm{D} \div \mathrm{R} \% \mathrm{M} \div \mathrm{T}$
Answer: B

## Explanation:



In option B, D + M is given, wich implies that D is the father of M .
Now, if $M$ is a girl, then it can be established that $M$ is the daughter of $M$.
$M \times T=>M$ is a sister of $T=>M$ is a girl
Hence option B is correct.

## Question 3

Which of the following options is true if the expression ' $1+\mathrm{T} \% \mathrm{~J} \times \mathrm{L} \div \mathrm{K}$ ' is definitely true?

A L is daughter of T

B K is son-in-law of I

C I is grandmother of $L$
D T is father of J

E $J$ is brother of $L$
Answer: B

Explanation:

$\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{T} \% \mathrm{~J} \times \mathrm{L} \div \mathrm{K}$
$L \div K=>L$ is the son of $K$
$J \times L \div K=>J$ is the daughter of $K$
$T \% J \times L \div K=>T$ is the wife of $K$
$I+T \% J \times L \div K=>I$ is the father-in-law of $K$
Hence $B$ is the correct answer

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## Question 4

Which of the following expressions is true if Y is son of X is definitely false?

A $W \% L \times T \times Y \div X$

B $\quad W+L \times T \times Y \div X$
c $X+L \times T \times Y \div W$

D W \$ $\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{T}$

E $W \% X+T \times Y \div L$
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Given that $Y$ is not a son of $X$.
In option $A$ and $B, Y \div X$ is given, which is wrong. Hence $A$ and $B$ are eliminated.
In option $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Lx} \mathrm{T} x \mathrm{Y}$ is given => X is father of Y , which is wrong. Hence C is eliminated.
Similarly E can also be eliminated
Hence, $D$ is the answer
Question 5
What should come in place of question mark to establish that $T$ is sister-in-law of $Q$ in the expression. $R \% T \times P$ ? $Q+V$

B
\%

C $\times$

D \$

E Either \$ or $\times$

## Answer: D

## Explanation:

$T \times P$ ? Q
Here, $T$ is the sister of $P$. So for $T$ to be sister-in-law of $Q, P$ must be Q's wife. Hence the correct symbol is '\$'.

## Instructions

Read the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow-
If ' $p \star Q$ ' means ' $p$ is the mother of $Q$ '
If ' $p \times Q$ ' means ' $p$ is the father of $Q$ '
If ' $p+Q$ ' $P$ is the sister of $Q$ '
If ' $p-Q$ ' means ' $p$ is the brother of $Q$ '
If ' $P \geq Q^{\prime}$ ' means ' $p$ is the son of $Q$ '
If ' $p \leq Q$ ' means ' $p$ is the daughter of $Q$ '

## Question 6

In the expression ' $\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B + R} \geq \mathbf{S}$ ' how is $\mathbf{S}$ related to $\mathbf{A}$ ?

A Daughter-in-law

B Daughter

C Wife

D Sister

E Cannot be determined

## Answer: C



## Explanation:

In, order to tackle this question, we intrepret the equation in reverse manner.
Now, $R \geq \mathrm{S}$ means R is son of S .
$B+R$ means $B$ is sister of $R$ which means $S$ is mother of $B$.
Now, $A \times B$ means $A$ is father of $B$, but then $B$ is also daughter of $A$.
Hence, $S$ is wife of $A$.
Hence, option is $C$.

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## Question 7

In the expression ' $p+Q \geq A-B$ ' how is $p$ related to $B$ ?

A Daughter

B Son
C Niece
D Nephew

Answer: C

## Explanation:

$A-B$ means $B$ is brother of $A$.
$Q \geq A$ means $A$ is father of $Q$ and $Q$ is niece of $B$.
$P+Q$ means $P$ is sister of $Q$ which also means $P$ is niece of $B$.
Hence, the correct option is option C.

## Question 8

In the expression ' $\mathrm{W} \geq \mathrm{X} \leq \mathrm{Y} \star \mathrm{Z}$ ' how is W related to Z ?

A Nephew

B Uncle

C Son

D Brother-in-law

E None of these


Answer: A

## Explanation:

$W \geq X$ means $W$ is son of $X$
$X \leq Y$ means $X$ is daughter of $Y$.
$Y \star Z$ means $Y$ is mother of $Z$ which means $X$ and $Z$ are siblings. Also, $W$ is son of $X$ which means $Z$ is uncle/aunt of $W$ and $W$ is nephew of $Z$.

Hence, correct option is A.

## Question 9

Which of the following means $p$ is the father of $S$ ?

A $\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{Q} \leq \mathrm{R} \star \mathrm{S}$

B $\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{P} \leq \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{S}$

C $\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{S} \geq \mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{P}$

D $S+Q-R \star P$

E Cannot be determined
Answer: A

## Explanation:

$\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{Q} \leq \mathrm{R} \star \mathrm{S}$
Now, $R \star S$ means $S$ is son/daughter of $R$.
$\mathrm{Q} \leq \mathrm{R}$ means R is father or mother of Q . hence, S and Q are siblings.

$\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{Q}$ means Q is son $\backslash$ daughter of P . S is son/daughter of P as S and Q are siblings. Hence S is parent to P .
Hence, the correct option is A.

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## Question 10

Which of the following means $D$ is the aunt of $C$ ?

A $D \geq B \star A \star C$
B $\quad \mathrm{D}+\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{C} \star \mathrm{A}$

C $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{C}$

D $D+B \times A \times C$
E None of these
Answer: E

## Explanation:

None of the options establish a relation of $C$ being nephew of $D$ or $D$ being aunt of $C$.

Hence, none of the option is correct.
The correct option in this case is E .

## Instructions

Read the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow-
If 'A $\star Z$ ' means ' $A$ is the wife of $Z$ '
If ' $A \times Z$ ' means ' $A$ is the husband of $Z$ '
If ' $A+Z$ ' means ' $A$ is the sister of $Z$ '
If ' $A \backsim Z$ ' means ' $A$ is the brother of $Z$ '
If ' $A \geq Z$ ' ' means ' $A$ is the son of $Z$ '
If ' $A \leq Z^{\prime}$ ' means ' $A$ is the daughter of $Z$ '

## Question 11

Which of the following relations will not be true if the expression ' $A$

A $A$ is the daughter of $T$

B $F$ is the son of $M$

C P is the son -in -law of L

D A is the cousin of F

E M is the grandmother of $A$
Answer: D

## Explanation:

the expression ' $A \leq P \times T+F \geq L \times M^{\prime}$ is intrepreted as A is daughter of $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{P}$ is husband of $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{T}$ is sister of F . Hence, T is mother of $A$ and $A$ is niece of $T$.

Therefore, correct option is D.

## Question 12

Which of the following means $N$ is the dughter-in law of $A$ ?

A $M+N \star P \geq A$

B $\quad N \leq M \times P+A$
C $M \leq N \times P \leq \hat{A}$
D $\quad A \times P+N \times M$

E $\quad A \leq N \leq \star M$
Answer: A

Explanation:
$M+N \star P \geq A, M$ is sister of $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{N}$ is wife of $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{P}$ is son of A . Hence, A is mother of P and N is daughter in law of A .
Hence, the correct option is A.

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## Question 13

How is p related to F if ' $Q \times P \leq B+F$ ?

A Daughter

B Niece

C Daughter-in -law

D Grand daughter
E Aunt
Answer: B

## Explanation:

$Q \times P \leq B+F$ can be intrepreted as:
$Q$ is husband of $P, P$ is daughter of $B, B$ is sister of $F$. Hence, $F$ is uncle/aunt of $P$ or $P$ is niece of $F$.
$B$ is the correct option.

## Question 14

Which of the following means $P$ is the father of $R$ ?

A $\quad R \geq S \leq P \star J$

B $\quad J+R \neg S \leq P$

C $\quad R \geq S \star P \neg J$

D $S+J \times R \leq P$

E None of these
Answer: C

## Explanation:

$R \geq S \star P \neg J$ can be interpreted as:
$R$ is son of $S / S$ is wife of $P$, hence, $R$ is son of $P$ i.e $P$ is father of $R$.
Hence, the correct option is $C$.

## Question 15

How is M related to B if $\mathrm{A} \star B \geq Z \times S+M^{\prime}$ ?

A Aunt

B Grandfather

C Uncle

D Cousin

E Cannot be determined
Answer: E


## Explanation:

Here, if we try to intrepret the relation: A $\star B \geq Z \times S+M$
$B$ is son of $Z$. $Z$ is wife of $S$. $S$ is sister of $M$. However, anomaly is that if $Z$ is wife of $S$ then $S$ is husband and male member. However it is also mentioned that $S$ is sister. Hence, $S$ is assumed to be female member which is in contradiction to previous designation.

Therefore, we cannot determine the relation between $B$ and $M$.

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## Instructions

Read the information carefully and answer the following questions:
If $A+B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$ If $A \times B$ means $A$ is the sister of $B$ If $A \$ B$ means $A$ is the wife of $B$ If $A \% B$ means $A$ is the mother of $B$ If $A \div B$ means $A$ is the son of $B$


Question 16
What should come in place of the question mark, to establish that J is the brother of T in the expression? J $\div$ P \% H ? T \% L

A X

B $\div$

C \$
D Either $\div$ or x

E Either + or $\div$
Answer: A

## Explanation:

In the expression, $\mathrm{J} \div \mathrm{P} \% \mathrm{H}$ ? T \% L
$J$ is son of $P$ and $P$ is mother of $H,=>J$ is brother of $H$ Now, for J to be brother of T, T must be a sibling of H .

The only option available is ' $x$ '
After that , H is sister of T , and hence J is brother of $T$
Ans - (A)


## Question 17

Which among the given expression indicate that $M$ is the daughter of $D$ ?

A L\% R \$ D + TxM

B $L+R S D+M x T$

C $\mathrm{L} \% \mathrm{R} \% \mathrm{D}+\mathrm{T} \div \mathrm{M}$

D $\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{L} \$ \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{Mx} \mathrm{T}$

E L\$D $\div R \% M \div T$
Answer: B

## Explanation:

(A) : $L \% R \$ D+T \times M=L$ is the mother of $R$, who is wife of $D$. $D$ is father of $T$, who is sister of $M$.

$$
\text { => Gender of } M \text { is not known. } M \text { can be son/daughter of } D \text {. }
$$

(B) : $L+R \$ D+M \times T=L$ is father of $R$, who is wife of $D$. $D$ is father of $M$, who is sister of $T$.

$$
\text { => } M \text { is female and hence daughter of } D \text {. }
$$

(C) $L \% R \% D+T \div M=L$ is mother of $R$, who is mother of $D$. $D$ is father of $T$ and $T$ is son of $M$ => $M$ is wife of $D$
(D) $D+L \$ R+M \times T=D$ is father of $L$, who is wife of $R$. $R$ is father of $M$, who is sister of $T$.
(E) $L \$ D \div R \% M \div T=\Delta$ is wife of $D$, who is son of $R$. $R$ is mother of $M$, who is son of $T$.

$$
=>M \text { is brother of } D
$$

Thus, Ans - (B)
Question 18
Which among the following options is true if the expression ' $I+T \% \mathrm{~J} \times \mathrm{L} \div \mathrm{K}$ ' definitely true?

A $L$ is the daughter of $T$

B K is the son-in-law of I

C I is the grandmother of L

D T is the father of J

E $J$ is the brother of $L$
Answer: B

## Explanation:


$\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{T} \% \mathrm{~J} \times \mathrm{L} \div \mathrm{K}$ implies I is the father of T and T is the mother of J and J is the sister of L and L is the son of K .

1) $L$ is the son of $K$. So, $L$ is male. So, (a) is incorrect

3 ) I is the father of T. So, I is male. So, (c) is incorrect.
4) T is the mother of J . So, T is female. So, (d) is incorrect
5) $J$ is the sister of $L$. So, $J$ is female. So, (e) is incorrect.

The correct answr is (b)


## Question 19

Which among the following expressions is false if Y is the son of X is definitely true?

A $W \% L x T x Y \div X$

B $\quad W+L x T x Y \div X$

C $X+L x T x Y \div W$

D $W \$ X+L+Y+T$

E $W \% X+T x Y \div L$
Answer: D

Explanation:
(A) : W \% Lx Tx $Y \div X=$ From the last part of the expression, it is clearly known that $Y$ is son of $X[Y \div X]$
(B) : $\mathrm{W}+\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{T} \times \mathrm{X} \div \mathrm{X}=$ From the last part of the expression, it is clearly known that Y is son of $\mathrm{X}[\mathrm{Y} \div \mathrm{X}]$
(C) : $X+L \times T \times Y \div W=X$ is father of $L$, who is sister of $T$, who is sister of $Y$, and $Y$ is son of $W$ $>W$ is the wife of $X$ and hence $Y$ is the son of $X$
(D) $W \$ X+L+Y+T=W$ is the wife of $X$, who is father of $L$, who is father of $Y$, who is father of $T$.

$$
\text { => } \mathrm{Y} \text { is the grandson of } \mathrm{X}
$$

(E) $W \% X+T x Y \div L=W$ is mother of $X$, who is father of $T$ and $T$ is sister of $Y$, who is son of $L$ $=>L$ is the wife of $X$ and hence $Y$ is the son of $X$.

Only, in (D) the expression is false.

## Question 20

What should come in the place of the question mark, to establish that $T$ is the sister-in-law of $Q$ in the expression? R \% T x P ? Q + V

A $\div$

B \%

C x

D \$

E Either \$ or x
Answer: D

## Explanation:

In the expression, R \% T x P ? Q + V
$R$ is the mother of $T$ and $T$ is the sister of $P$.
Now, for $T$ to be the sister in law of $Q$, => $Q$ must be married to $P$.
The only option available for that is '\$'
=> Now, $P$ is wife of $Q$ and hence $T$ is sister-in-law of $\alpha$
Ans - (D)

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