## Time and Distance Questions for SSC CGL Tier 2 PDF

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Instructions
For the following questions answer them individually

## Question 1

Four runners started running simultaneously from a point on a circular track. They took 200 seconds, $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ seconds, 360 seconds and 450 seconds to complete the round. After how much time to they meet at the starting point for the first time?

A 1800 seconds

B 3600 seconds

C 2400 seconds

D 4800 seconds
Answer: A


## Explanation:

Meeting at the first time will be L.C.M. of time taken by individuals to complete
i.e. L.C.M. of $200,300,360$ and 450 will be equal to 1800 sec .

## Question 2

Walking at 6/7th of this usual speed a man is 25 minutes too late. His usual time to cover this distance is

A 2 hours 30 minutes

B 2 hours 15 minutes

C 2 hours 25 minutes

D 2 hours 10 minutes

## Answer: A

## Explanation:

Let the initial speed and time be s,t respectively,
then speed and time in the next case are $6 \mathrm{~s} / 7$ and ( $\mathrm{t}+25$ )
As distance $=$ speed * time, and distance travelled in both cases is the same,
$(6 s / 7) *(t+25)=s^{*} t$
Solving the above equation results in $t=150 \mathrm{~min}$
Question 3
With average speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hour}$, a train reaches its destination in time. If it goes with an average speed of 35 km hour, it is late by 15 minutes. The total journey is

A 30 km

B 40 km

C 70 km

D 80 km

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let the time and distance be t mins and dkm respectively,
If it goes with an average speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour, a train reaches its destination in time.
So, distance $=(40 * t) / 60$
If it goes with an average speed of 35 km hour, it is late by 15 minutes.
So, distance $=35^{*}(t+15) / 60$

In both the cases, distance is same,
So, $40 * t=35 *(t+15)$
Solving the above equation gives $t=105$
and $d=(40 * 105) / 60=70$

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## Question 4

Three men A. B and C working together can do a job in 6 hours less time than A alone, in 1 hour less time than B alone and in one half the time needed by C when working alone. Then $A$ and $B$ together can do the Job in

A $2 / 3$ hour

B $3 / 4$ hour

C $3 / 2$ hour

D $4 / 3$ hour
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let time taken by A alone $=x$ hours
=> Time taken by $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{C}$ together $=(x-6)$ hours
=> Time taken by B alone $=(x-5)$ hours
=> Time taken by C alone $=2(x-6)$ hours
Now, rate of work of $A+$ rate of work of $B+$ rate of work of $C=$ rate of work of $A, B, C$ together
=> ${ }^{1} \stackrel{1}{x}+\stackrel{1}{x-5}+\frac{1}{2(x-6)}={ }_{x-6}$
On solving above equation , we get $x=3,{ }_{6}^{40}$
When $x=3$, the expression $(x-6)$ becomes negative, thus it's ñot possible.
=> $x={ }_{6}^{40}$
Time taken by A \& B together $=\begin{gathered}3^{1} \\ 20\end{gathered}{ }_{5}^{3}$
$-4$
$=3$ hours
Question 5
A takes three times as long as $B$ and $C$ together to do a job. $B$ takes four times as long as $A$ and $C$ together to do the work. If all the three, working together can complete the job in 24 days, then the number of days, $A$ alone will take to finish the job is

A 100

B 96

C 95

D 90
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Let time taken by B and $\mathrm{C}=x$ days
=> Time taken by $\mathrm{A}=3 x$ days
Thus, part of work done by $A, B \& C$ in 1 day
$=\stackrel{1}{x}+\stackrel{1}{3 x}=\stackrel{4}{3 x}$
Acc to ques :
$\quad \begin{array}{r}4 \\ => \\ 3 x\end{array}=24$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{4 \times 24}{24}=32$ days
=> Time taken by A alone $=32 * 3=96$ days

## Question 6

Walking at $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ a student reaches his school from his house 15 minutes early and walking at $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ he is late by 9 minutes. What is the distance between his school and his house?

A 5 km

B 8 km

C 3 km

D 2 km
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let the time and distance be $t$ mins and $d$ respectively,
In the first case:
Total time taken $=(t-15)$ mins $=(t-15) / 60 \mathrm{hrs}$.
Distance travelled $=5 *(t-15) / 60$
In the second case:
Total time taken $=(\mathrm{t}+9)$ mins $=(\mathrm{t}+9) / 60 \mathrm{hrs}$.
Distance travelled $=3 *(t+9) / 60$
So, $5^{*}(t-15) / 60=3 *(t+9) / 60$,
Solving the above equation we get, $\mathrm{t}=51$
So, $d=3 *(51+9) / 60$
$=3 \mathrm{KMs}$


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## Question 7

The speed of a boat in still water is $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Ifit takes four times as much time as going upstream as in going same distance downstream, the speed of the stream is:

A $2.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$

B $3.6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$

C $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
D
4.2 km/h

Answer: B

## Question 8

The speed of a car increases by $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ after every one hour. If the distance travelled in the first one hour was 35 km , what was the total distance travelled in 12 hours?

A 558 km


B 650 km
C 560 km

D 552 km
Answer: D

## Explanation:

The distances travelled by the car in each hour will be $35,37,39, \ldots$.
The distance travelled in the last hour will be $35+(12-1) 2=35+12=57 \mathrm{~km}$

$$
12
$$

Then, Total distance travelled in 12 hours $=2(35+57)=6 \times 92=552 \mathrm{~km}$

## Question 9

A wheel makes 4000 revolution is covering a distance of 60 km . The radius of the wheel is:

A 8 m

B 8.25 m

C 4.68 m

D 2.39 m
Answer: D

## Explanation:

$60 \times 1000$

According to the question,
$2 \times \pi \times r=15$

$\Rightarrow r=2.39$
Option D is correct

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A train is moving at $72 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hrs}$. The distance covers in 15 minutes by the train is:

A 18 km

B 27 km

C 36 km

D 28 km
Answer: A

## Explanation:

A train is moving at $72 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hrs}$.
$72 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in 60 minutes $={ }_{60}^{72}=1.2 \mathrm{~km}$ per minute
So in 15 minutes it will cover $1.2 \times 15=18 \mathrm{kms}$
Option A is correct.


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